

5/H-23 (vi) (a) (Syllabus-2015)

2022

(November)

CHEMISTRY

(Honours)

(Chem-H-502)

(**Part—A : Physical**)

Marks : 37

Time : 2 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Write Maxwell's distribution of molecular speed. What is the effect of temperature on distribution of molecular speed? 4
- (b) Explain the following : $1\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 3$
- (i) Viscosity of gases
- (ii) Limiting density
- (c) Calculate the various degrees of freedom of the following molecules : 2
- H_2O and CO_2

(2)

OR

2. (a) Discuss the principle of equipartition of energy. 4
- (b) Derive the relationship among most probable velocity, average velocity and root mean square velocity. 3
- (c) Calculate the reduced pressure and reduced volume of one mole of methane gas confined to a volume of 5 dm^3 under a pressure of 5 atm. The critical constants of methane are—
- $$V_c = 0.0988 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1};$$
- $$P_c = 54.6 \text{ atm.} \quad 2$$

3. (a) What is surface tension of a liquid? Describe the method for determination of surface tension by capillary rise method. 1+3=4
- (b) Calculate the molar refraction of acetic acid at a temperature at which its density is 1.046 g cm^3 . The observed value of refractive index at this temperature is 1.3716. 2

OR

4. (a) Derive Clausius-Mosotti equation for non-polar molecules. 4
- (b) The bond length of H—I is 1.60 \AA and its dipole moment is 0.38 D. Calculate the percentage of ionic character of the H—I bond. 2

(3)

5. (a) Derive Bragg's equation for X-ray diffraction of a crystal. 3
- (b) What is symmetry in a crystal? Define plane and axis of symmetry in a simple cubic crystal. 1+2=3

OR

6. (a) What are Bravais lattices? How do you calculate the number of atoms per unit cell in a cubic crystal system? 1+3=4
- (b) The second-order reflection of X-rays from (100) planes of NaCl occurs at 29.3° . If the wavelength used is 1.54 \AA , calculate the distance between two successive (100) planes in NaCl. 2
7. (a) Derive phase rule equation from the concept of chemical potential. 4
- (b) Explain the following : 1½×2=3
- (i) Thermodynamic scale of temperature
- (ii) Concept of residual entropy

OR

8. (a) Derive Gibbs-Duhem equation for a mixture consisting of i number of components. 4
- (b) Explain how the absolute entropy of a substance is determined with the help of third law of thermodynamics. 3

9. (a) Derive Michaelis-Menten equation for an enzyme-catalysed reaction. 5
- (b) Discuss the collision theory for the kinetics of bimolecular reactions. 4

OR

10. (a) Obtain the rate expression for an opposing reaction in which the forward as well as reverse reactions are both first order. 5
- (b) Write notes on the following : 2×2=4
- (i) Homogenous catalysis
- (ii) Steady-state approximation
