4/H-65 (xii)(c) (Syllabus-2015)

2023

(May/June)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

(Honours)

(Consumer Behaviour and Marketing Research)

[BBAH-403(c)(MM)

Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

PART—A

(Marks: 15)

UNIT-I

1. What do you understand by consumer behaviour?

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Or

What is the concept of customer satisfaction?

UNIT-II

2. What are rational and emotional motives of a consumer?

Or

Discuss the role of husband and wife in family decision making in India.

UNIT-III

3. What are the two components of brand loyalty?

Or

What are the factors determining high involvement purchase?

UNIT-IV

4. Explain exploratory research design.

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3

Or

What are the advantages and disadvantages of primary data?

UNIT---V

5. Calculate the median for the following data:

Marks	No. of students
0–5	5
5–10	7
10–15	. 10
15–20	8
20–25	\ 6
25-30	4

Or

Calculate the arithmetic mean for the following data:

Class intervals	Frequency
10-15	8
15-20	15
20-25	22
25-30	20
30–35	10
35-40	5

PART-B

(Marks: 50)

UNIT-I

6. Explain in detail the different factors which affect consumer behaviour.

Or

What is market segmentation? Discuss any two bases of consumer market segmentation.

2+8=10

10

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(Turn Over)

(Continued)

UNIT-II

- 7. Explain any two types of reference group from the following: $5\times2=10$
 - (a) Friendship group
 - (b) Shopping group.
 - (c) Consumer action group

Or

Elaborate the different stages of adoption process.

UNIT-III

8. Explain the different dimensions of post-purchase behaviour. Illustrate its importance for marketers.

Or

Discuss the process of consumer decision-making model.

UNIT-IV

9. Explain the process of sampling. What are the advantages and disadvantages of sampling?

6+4=10

Or

What is marketing research? Explain the objectives and scopes of marketing research.

2+4+4=10

10

10

Unit-V

10. What is conjoint analysis? What are the steps used for conjoint analysis? 2+8=10

Or

The following table shows the sales and promotional expenses of a firm:

Sales (Fin crores)	Promotional Expenses (Fin lakhs)
14	52
16	62
18	. 65
20	70
24	76
30	80
32	78

Using linear regression, estimate the sales for promotional expenditure of ₹100 lakhs. 10

PART-C

(Marks: 10)

11. In the early '90s M&M added peanut and almond varieties, blue was introduced in '95 and green in '97. Crispy M&M's made their debut in 1999 and Minis Mega Tubes in 2000. Now there are Mega M&M's. Not only are they physically bigger but 55% larger in size, but they also come in more

sophisticated colors that are designed to appeal to adults. Red will be replaced with maroon, the blue will now be blue/gray and turquoise will replace green. Advertising for this new M&M's variety retains the humorous flavour of other current M&M's ads, but with more of an adult edge.

Not all M&M's products have succeeded. For example, you would probably have a difficult time finding Crispy M&M's in your local supermarket, drug store or mass merchandiser. And Minis, only account, for about \$ 24 million of the brands more than \$ 500 million in annual sales.

Questions:

- (a) Do you think that it was a good segmentation strategy for M&M's to develop a new version targeting adults?
- (b) Would M&M's be better off pursuing a mass marketing approach?

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