## BTECH-101 (Syllabus-2015)

2015

(October)

## BIOTECHNOLOGY

( Honours )

( Cell Biology and Genetics )

Marks: 56

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks, for the questions

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any four from the rest

- 1. Differentiate between the following: 2×6=12
  - (a) Phenotype and Genotype
  - (b) Cis and Trans fate of Golgi complex
  - (c) Chromatid and Chromosome
  - (d) Diploid and Haploid
  - (e) Alleles and Multiple alleles
  - (f) Functions related to Polar and Nonpolar group of plasma membrane

2.	Write short notes on the following: 2+3+2+2=11	6.	(a)	A black mouse mates with a brown mouse and all the offsprings are black.
	(a) Renner complexes			State the reason as why no brown offspring are produced. Cite your
	(b) Lyon hypothesis			answer with suitable illustration.
	(c) Delimited nucleus		(b)	How will you distinguish cytologically between the following? 3+3=
	(d) Chromonemata			(i) A translocation homozygote and
	(e) Functions of cristae			heterozygote  (ii) A paracentric and a pericentric inversion
3.	<ul> <li>(a) Enumerate the significance of monosomic, tetrasomic and nullisomic individuals.</li> <li>(b) Describe the characteristic of Barr body</li> </ul>	7.	(a)	Describe the role of chloroplast in cytoplasmic inheritance in <i>Mirabilis jalapa</i> .
	with examples.		(b)	A colour-blind man has a normal brother and a colour-blind sister. Give
4.	With suitable illustration, describe the various phases of cell cycle, with special emphasis on various checkpoints. Also mention the role of cdks and cyclins. 7+4=11			the genotypes of the parents. Based on the concept, draw a pedigree chart showing the positions with genotypes of all individuals.
	And made the fole of cars and cyclins. 7+4=11		(c)	What are isochromosomes? Discuss their significances.
5.	(a) What are giant chromosomes? Describe			
	with suitable diagrams. 6  (b) Write briefly on the following: 3+2=5	8.	(a)	Describe the role of colchicine in induction of polyploidy in cells.
	(i) One gene-one band hypothesis		(b)	Describe in detail the Muller's technique of detection of mutations in
1	(ii) Somatic pairing			X chromosome of Drosophila.
				***