1/EH–20 (i) (Syllabus–2015)

2 0 1 6

(October)

PHILOSOPHY

(Elective/Honours)

(Epistemology and Metaphysics)

(PHIL–11)

Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer *any* **five** questions

1. What is the meaning of philosophy? Bring out the relationship between Philosophy and Science. Explain why is philosophy called the 'second order discipline'. 4+8+3=15

2. What is rationalism? Examine rationalism as a source of knowledge. Is rationalism justified? Give two reasons in support of your answer.

4+8+3=15

(Turn Over)

3. What is Pratyakṣa? Name the different kinds of Pratyakṣa. Explain that "Nirvikalpa Pratyakṣa is the primary stage of Savikalpa Pratyakṣa".

3+3+9=15

4. Explain idealism. Give a brief account of the subjective idealism of George Berkeley. Distinguish absolute idealism from transcendental idealism.

4+8+3=15

5. What is monad? Discuss Leibniz's doctrine of monads. Explain in what sense, each monad differs quantitatively and intrinsically from every other monad.

3+9+3=15

6. What do you understand by substance? How do different philosophers characterize it? Discuss.

3+12=15

7. What is realism? Explain Locke's scientific realism. Critically evaluate Locke's distinction between primary and secondary qualities.

3+8+4=15

8. Explain Anumāna. Distinguish between Svārtha Anumāna and Parārtha Anumāna. Explain Pūrvavat, Śeṣavat and Sāmānyato Dṛṣṭa as different kinds of Anumāna.

7+2+6=15

(Continued)

9. Give an appropriate definition of causality. Is there any invariable connection between cause and effect? Does Hume accept a regular connection between cause and effect? Discuss.

3+8+4=15

10. Write short notes on any *two* of the following :

7½×2=15

   (a) Critical philosophy

   (b) Correspondence theory of truth

   (c) Verbal testimony

   (d) Space and time

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