## 3/H-76 (vii) (Syllabus-2015)

## 2022

(February )
COMMERCE
( Honours )

## (Business Statistics )

( BC-301 )
Marks : 75
Time : 3 hours
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Briefly explain the importance of tabulation.
(b) Tabulate the following data :

Out of a total number of 1807 women who were interviewed for employment in a textile factory of Mumbai, 512 were from textile areas and the rest from the non-textile areas. Amongst the married women who belonged to textile areas, 247 were experienced and 73 inexperienced, while for non-textile areas, the corresponding figures were 49 and 520. The total number of
inexperienced women was 1341 of whom 111 resided in textile areas. Of the total number of women 918 were unmarried and of these the numbers of experienced women in the textile and non-textile areas were 154 and 16 respectively.

## Or

(a) "Questionnaire is an essential tool for collection of statistical data." In the light of this statement, discuss the essentials of a good questionnaire.
(b) Draft a questionnaire not exceeding 10 questions to study the views on the impact of social media and television on education.
(c) Suggest how you will proceed to carry out statistical analysis of the information collected.
2. (a) Differentiate between mean deviation and standard deviation.
(b) Calculate mean and standard deviation from the following data:

| Value | $:$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ | $40-45$ | $45-50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of persons | $:$ | 170 | 110 | 80 | 45 | 40 | 35 |

## Or

(a) "Average, dispersion and skewness are complementary to one another in understanding a frequency distribution." Elucidate.
(b) Find the geometric mean for the following distribution : 8

Marks : 0-10 $\quad 10-20 \quad 20-30 \quad 30-40 \quad 40-50$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { No. of students : } & 5 & 7 & 15 & 25 & 8\end{array}$
3. (a) What is meant by index number? Briefly explain the limitations of the fixed base index numbers.
(b) Calculate the price index for 2015 and 2016 using 2010 as base year from the following data :

| Commodity | Price ( $₹$ per unit) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2010 | 2015 | 2016 |
| $A$ | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| $B$ | 7 | 10 | 7 |
| $C$ | 8 | 12 | 6 |
| $D$ | 20 | 17 | 16 |
| $E$ | 500 | 550 | 540 |

Or
(a) Identify two situations where Spearman's rank correlation preferably be applied.

Or
(a) A carefully designed 'sample' is said to be better than a poorly planned and executed Census. Bring out the merits of sample method of enquiry and at least three of the methods to obtain representative data in a sample.
(b) If $P(A)=0 \cdot 3, P(B)=0 \cdot 2$ and $P(C)=0 \cdot 1$ and $A, B$ and $C$ are independent events, find the probability of occurrence of at least one of three events $A, B$ and $C$.
5. (a) State the assumptions and uses of Newton's divided difference method of interpolation and extrapolation.
The numbers of members of International Statistical Society are given below :

| Year | $:$ | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of members | $:$ | 845 | 867 | - | 846 | 821 |
| Year | $:$ | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| No. of members | $:$ | 772 | - | 757 | 761 | 796 |

Estimate the numbers of members in 2012 and 2016 using an appropriate method of interpolation.

Or
(a) Distinguish between a seasonal component and a trend component of a time series.

