## 5/H-73 (vi) (c) (Syllabus-2015)

### 2022

(February)

### COMPUTER SCIENCE

(Honours)

### ( Object-Oriented Programming through Java )

[ CS-502 CT ]

Marks : 38

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer one question from each Unit

### Unit—I

1.	(a)	Why	is	Java	considered	as	platform	
independent?								2

- (b) Illustrate with an example, the use of the keywords 'static' and 'final'.2
- (c) List the primitive data types of Java with an example of each.

22D/89

4

22D/89

## (2)

(a)	What do you understand when we say Java is strongly typed?	2					
(b)	Explain with a complete example how objects can be passed as parameters to a method.	4					
(C)	Write a parameterized constructor for a rectangle class.						
	Unit—II						
(a)	Under what scenario would you prefer to use an interface rather than an abstract class?	1					
(b)	method overloading? Explain with an example how you ca						
(C)							
(a)	What is the use of the final keyword with respect to inheritance?	1½					
(b)	List three features of enumerations in Java.	3					
(C)	What is the catch-or-declare requirement in exception handling in Java?	3					
	<ul> <li>(b)</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>(a)</li> <li>(c)</li> <li>(a)</li> <li>(b)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Java is strongly typed?</li> <li>(b) Explain with a complete example how objects can be passed as parameters to a method.</li> <li>(c) Write a parameterized constructor for a rectangle class.</li> <li>UNIT—II</li> <li>(a) Under what scenario would you prefer to use an interface rather than an abstract class?</li> <li>(b) How is method overriding different from method overloading?</li> <li>(c) Explain with an example how you can create a thread in Java using the runnable interface.</li> <li>(a) What is the use of the final keyword with respect to inheritance?</li> <li>(b) List three features of enumerations in Java.</li> <li>(c) What is the catch-or-declare requirement in exception handling in</li> </ul>					

(Continued)

# (3)

#### Unit—III

- 5. (a) List two features of a generic class and explain the benefit of using a generic class. What are the data types with which generics can work? 2+1+1=4
  - (b) Write a program using appropriate streams to read some integers from the console and write these to a file.  $3\frac{1}{2}$
- 6. (a) Distinguish between the set and list interface. Explain with an example how an iterator can be used to access the elements of a Java collection. 2+3=5
  - (b) Give examples, with the output, for the following string methods :  $2\frac{1}{2}$

Substring, concat, replace, compareTo, startsWith

#### UNIT—IV

7. What is the difference between a Java application and a Java applet? Explain how a Java applet is executed in the browser. What is the use of the update method in the context of applets?  $3+3+1\frac{1}{2}=7\frac{1}{2}$ 

8. Explain the event delegation model used in Java. Illustrate with a suitable example.  $4+3\frac{1}{2}=7\frac{1}{2}$ 

#### UNIT-V

- **9.** Explain how a server socket can be created in Java. How does the server listen to incoming requests? How does a client send a request for connection to the server? Finally, show how the server sends a reply to the client.  $2+2+2+1\frac{1}{2}=7\frac{1}{2}$
- **10.** Describe the Connection and ResultSet<br/>interfaces in JDBC with a suitable example.<br/>Explain how an SQL query can be executed<br/>and the results displayed from a Java<br/>application. $2+2+3\frac{1}{2}=7\frac{1}{2}$

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