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(February)

MATHEMATICS

(Honours)

(Differential Equations)

[GHS-53]

Marks : 30

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions

Answer **two** questions, choosing **one** from
each Unit

UNIT—I

1. (a) Solve : 6

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + (x^2 - 2x) \frac{dy}{dx} + (x - 2)y - x^3 = e^x$$

- (b) Solve the following exact differential equation : 5

$$\sin x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \cos x \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y - \sin x = 0$$

- (c) Solve the following equation : 4

$$\frac{dx}{y} + \frac{dy}{z} + \frac{dz}{x} = \frac{dx}{x} + \frac{dy}{y} + \frac{dz}{z}$$

2. (a) Find $f(y)$, if
 $f(y) dx + zx dy + xy \log y dz = 0$
 is integrable. 5

- (b) Solve : 5

$$(2x^2 - 2xy - 2xz^2 - 1)dx + dy + 2z dz = 0$$

- (c) Solve : 5

$$\frac{dx}{dt} - 7x - y = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} - 2x - 5y = 0$$

UNIT—II

(In this unit, $p = \frac{z}{x}$; $q = \frac{z}{y}$)

3. (a) Form a partial differential equation by
eliminating a, b, c from

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$
 5

- (b) Solve : 5

$$y^2 p + xy q + x(z - 2y)$$

- (c) Find a complete integral by Charpit's
method of $(p^2 - q^2) y = q z$. 5

(3)

4. (a) Find the general integral of the equation

$$(x^2 - yz)p - (y^2 - zx)q - z^2 - xy = 0 \quad 5$$

- (b) Solve : 6

$$p - (qy - z)^2 = 0$$

- (c) Solve : 4

$$a(p - q) - z = 0$$

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