

**6/H-24 (vii) (Syllabus-2015)**

**2 0 2 2**

**( May/June )**

**PHYSICS**

**( Honours )**

**( Condensed Matter Physics )**

**[ PHY-07 (T) ]**

*Marks : 56*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

Answer Question No. 1 and **any four** from the rest

1. Answer any *three* of the following : 4×3=12

(a) Calculate the melting point of ice when it is subjected to pressure of 100 atmosphere. Given density of ice is  $917 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , density of water is  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and latent heat of ice is  $3.36 \times 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$ .

(b) At what temperature will the average speed of molecules of hydrogen gas is seven times the average speed of nitrogen gas at 300 K?

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- (c) Find out the reciprocal lattice vectors for a space lattice defined by the following primitive translation vectors :

$$\vec{a} = 5\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}; \vec{b} = -5\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 5\hat{k};$$

$$\vec{c} = 5\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$$

Also find out the volume of the primitive cell.

- (d) Calculate the probabilities for an electronic state to be occupied at 27 °C if the energy of the states lie 0.11 eV above and 0.11 eV below the Fermi level.
2. (a) Define different thermodynamical potential and derive related Maxwell's thermodynamic relations. 4+4=8
- (b) Establish Clausius-Clapeyron relation from Maxwell's thermodynamic relations. 3
3. (a) State and prove Liouville's theorem. 1+4=5
- (b) What is Gaussian or Normal distribution? Obtain an expression for it. 1+5=6
4. (a) Deduce Boltzmann's entropy probability relation  $S = K_B \ln \Omega(e)$ , where symbols carry their usual meanings. 4

( 3 )

- (b) Probability function  $P(v)$  of speed of a given number of molecules is expressed as

$$P(v) = 4\pi \left( \frac{m}{2\pi kT} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} v^2 e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}}$$

Find the expressions for mean and root mean square speed.  $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7$

5. (a) If  $\vec{T}$  is the translation vector in direct lattice and  $\vec{G}$  is the reciprocal vector in corresponding reciprocal lattice, then prove that  $e^{i\vec{G} \cdot \vec{T}} \equiv 1$ . 3
- (b) Define structure factor and atomic form factor. Calculate the structure factor for a bcc unit cell and determine from which planes will X-rays not be reflected.  $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} + 4 + 1 = 8$
6. (a) What is Madelung constant? Show that Madelung constant for an infinite linear chain of ions of alternating unit charge at an equilibrium separation is  $2 \ln 2$ .  $1 + 3 = 4$
- (b) What is a 'phonon'? Obtain the dispersion relation for elastic waves in a linear monoatomic chain with nearest neighbour interaction and show that the group velocity vanishes at zone boundary.  $1 + 5 + 1 = 7$

7. (a) What is Hall effect? Find the expression for Hall coefficient. 1+3=4
- (b) What are Fermi level and Fermi energy? Find an expression for Fermi energy at  $T = 0 \text{ K}$  of an electron system with electron density  $n$ . 2+5=7
8. (a) Describe in detail Langevin's theory of paramagnetism. 5
- (b) Discuss the thermodynamics of superconducting transition and show that there exists a discontinuity in the value of specific heat at the transition temperature. 6

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