## 6/H-64 (vii) (Syllabus-2015)

### 2018

# (April)

## **BIO-CHEMISTRY**

## (Honours)

## ( Microbiology and Immunology )

Marks: 56

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer four questions, taking two from each Part

PART-A

#### (Microbiology)

1. (a) Draw a bacterial growth curve indicating the various phases. Define balanced and unbalanced growth. 2+2=4

- (b) Explain why bacterial populations enter into stationary phase in a batch culture.
- (c) Explain the effect of pH and temperature on bacterial growth.

D**/1887** 

5

(Turn Over)

4

## (2)

- 2. (a) What is a culture media? Describe the 6. (a) use of selective media in cultivation of bacterial cultures.
  - (b) Describe the role of microorganisms in food spoilage.
- 3. (a) What is bacterial conjugation? How was it discovered?
  - (b) Describe how  $F^+ \times F^-$  conjugation process takes place in bacteria with the help of suitable diagrams.  $6^{+8^{\#}}$

- (a) Explain the following :  $2 \times 4 = 8$ 
  - (i) Adjuvants
  - (ii) Haptens
  - (iii) Antigens
  - (iv) Immunogens
- (b) Describe urticaria and anaphylactic shock. 3+3=6
- What is immunological memory? Describe the mechanisms of immunity that possess immunological memory. 3+11=14

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## Part-B

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# (Immunology)

- **4.** (a) What are haematopoietic stem cells? Describe the origin and role of myeloidand lymphoid progenitor cells.
  - (b) Describe the role of dendritic cells, macrophages and T-cells in immunity.
- 5. (a) What is inflammation? Describe the inflammatory reactions commonly observed during innate immunity.
  - (b) How does antigen-antibody interaction take place during specific immunity?

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8D-300**/1887** ( Continue

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# (3)