5:2:20(14)

#### H 61

# Advanced Calculus

(100 marks, 80 lectures)

(To answer five questions, choosing one out of two questions from each unit)

UNIT I: Riemann integral of functions of one variable; Darboux's theorem (statement and application); conditions for integrability; classes of bounded and integrable functions; properties of integrable functions; inequalities for integrals; functions defined by integrals; their continuity and differentiability; Mean value theorems for integrals.

Improper integrals; test for convergence when the integrand is non-negative; absolute convergence; tests for absolute and conditional convergence, beta and gamma functions; Abel's theorem, Dirichlet's theorem;

Frullani's integral.

UNIT II: Integrals as functions of parameters; continuity, differentiability and integrability of such a function; applications to evaluation of integrals

Improper integrals as functions of a parameter; uniform convergence and tests for uniform convergence; continuity, differentiability and integrability of uniformly convergent improper integrals of continuous functions involving parameters; evaluation of integrals;

UNIT III: Line integral in R<sup>2</sup>; Riemann integral of real valued functions of two variables; evaluation of double integrals - change of order of integration; change of variable and simple problems; Green's theorem in R<sup>2</sup>, Surface Integral and Stokes Theorem, Volume integral and Gauss's divergence theorem (statements and applications only)

UNIT IV: Basic properties of Euclidean distance function in R<sup>n</sup>; neighbourhoods, open sets, closed sets, limit points, interior points in  $R^n$  (n = 1, 2, 3); Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem; Cantor intersection theorem (nested interval); Lindelof covering theorem.

Compact sets; Heine-Borel theorem; equivalent statements; study of maps from subsets of  $R^n \to R^m$ (m, n = 1, 2, 3): continuity, in terms of  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  notation; in terms of inverse images of open and closed sets; elementary properties of continuous functions; continuous functions on compact sets; special cases of continuous real valued functions on closed, bounded intervals of R: bounds.

UNIT V: Intermediate value theorem; uniform continuity; discontinuities of real valued functions; monotonic functions; continuity of the inverse of a strictly monotonic function.

 $R^m$  -valued functions of two or three variables (m = 1, 2, 3); partial derivatives; directional derivatives; total derivative, Jacobian; change in the order of partial derivatives, statements of Young's Theorem, Schwarz's Theorem and their applications, differentiation of composite functions; chain rule.

## **BOOKS**

#### Text Books:

- 1. Narayan, S.: A Course of Mathematical Analysis, S. Chand. Delhi, 2003 Edition.
- 2. Apostol, Tom A.: Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, 2002 Edition.

## Reference Books

1. Stewart, J.: Essential Calculus Early Transcendentals, Thomson Brooks/Cole, USA, 2007 Edition.

- 2. Bartle, R. G., and Sherbert, D. R.: Introduction to Real Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2000 Edition.
- 3. Rudin, W.: Principles of Mathematical Analysis, Mc Graw-Hill Publications, 1976 International Editions (Reprint 1996).
- 4. Malik, S. C. and Arora, S.: Mathematical Analysis, New Age International (P) Ltd., 1992 Edition (Reprint 2001).
- 5. Ghosh, R.K. and Maity, K.C.: Introduction to Analysis, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd, 2002 Edition.